

# Bio Terror Bible

## EXPOSING THE COMING BIO-TERROR PANDEMIC

**BIOTERRORBIBLE.COM:** Island could be the first location hit in a man-made bio-terror generated pandemic. An island could serve as a controlled pandemic environment whereby video footage of the sick and dying would then be broadcast worldwide in order to convince humanity that there is indeed a real pandemic. After a short time, the pandemic will likely "spread" off the island thus giving the impression that the virus is airborne. Various islands have been home to numerous bio-terror drills and war games which indicate that an island will eventually be targeted for bio-terror.

Currently, there are [four BSL labs on islands in the South Pacific](#) including the "Defence Science Organization (DSO)" in Singapore, the "Preventive Medical Institute of ROC Ministry of National Defense" in Taiwan, China, the "Institute of Physical and Chemical Research" in Kantō, Tsukuba, Japan, and the "National Institute for Infectious Diseases" in Tokyo, Japan. Interestingly, the DSO in Singapore retains a BSL 4 mobile autopsy facility and has a stated goal to conduct autopsies during a deadly epidemic outbreak.

**Title:** Guam Simulates Attack

**Date:** January 13, 2010

**Source:** [Bio Prep Watch](#)

**Abstract:** Guam simulated a biological, chemical and radioactive attack this week as part of a 36 hour training exercise to test local and federal agencies' preparedness in the face of a terrorist attack.

The event began when a joint FBI and Guam Police Department SWAT program raided a terrorist cell followed by the transportation by "terrorists" of chemical and biological weapons to locations spread around the island at 4 a.m..

The FBI, Coast Guard and Customs officials mobilized by 7 a.m. to intercept the cell at Cabras Island. The "terrorists" were found to be loading containers of gas and radioactive materials at that location.

Later on in the day, a plane that crashed at the airport leaked chemical gas. Those "terrorists" were tracked down, apprehended and interrogated.

The Guam Homeland Security and the Office of Civil Defense, in conjunction with Joint Task Force – Homeland Defense, the Guam National Guard's 94th Civil Support Team, the Alaska National Guard's 103rd Civil Support Team and multiple local and federal response agencies, carried out the exercise, which included approximately 100 emergency response personnel.

The simulated attack centered on the strategic importance of Guam, which is home to a large military personnel population. Guam is considered a first line of defense for the United States as well.

The goal for the simulation, which was a worst-case scenario for Guam, was to test the coordinated response among the nation's different agencies and to identify gaps in communication and response time as well as the collective participation of multiple agencies.

"This is a perfect opportunity for us to realize our challenges and our weaknesses and correct them before something should ever happen in the real world," Lesley Leon Guerrero, spokeswoman for Guam Homeland Security, told the Guam Pacific Daily News ([Bio Prep Watch, 2010](#)).

**Title:** Trinidad And Tobago On Lookout For Bioterror Attack

**Date:** March 15, 2010

**Source:** [Bio Prep Watch](#)

**Abstract:** The permanent secretary of Trinidad and Tobago's National Security Ministry has announced that there exists a real threat to the nation of an attack by terrorists using deadly toxins.

Speaking at a crisis management simulation exercise on bioterrorism held at the Hilton Trinidad in St. Ann's, Jennifer Boucaud-Blake, the permanent secretary, made the announcement.

"There is much evidence to suggest that terrorists have a strong interest in the use of biological weapons," Boucaud-Blake said, the Trinidad & Tobago Express reported. "Many still question whether the threat exists or can occur, especially in our part of the world. Ladies and gentlemen, there is no question in my mind that the threat is real.

"A single bioterrorist attack can cause hundreds, or even thousands of deaths. It can annihilate entire states such as our very own Caribbean islands. Should such an issue not be taken seriously? Moreover, even if the hundreds or thousands do not die, the fear, panic and subsequent social and economic disorder that could follow such an attack are additional reasons why we should take this threat seriously."

Boucaud-Blake made the announcement at the "Exercise Bio-Shield" seminar, organized by the Organization of American States and the Inter-American Committee Against Terrorism, which was held last week ([Bio Prep Watch, 2010](#)).

**Title:** Guam Guard To Hold Training Exercises This Week

**Date:** May 13, 2010

**Source:** [Bio Prep Watch](#)

**Abstract:** The Guam Army National Guard's 95th Civil Support Team will be holding CBRN training exercises this week in what used to be the old Guam Housing and Urban Renewal Housing Authority in Dededo, Kuam News reports.

The public service announcement was made so as to not alarm residents in and around the area, officials told Kuam News.

The required training and evaluation, which will simulate a chemical attack and focus on preparation and responses for the possibility of such attacks, is held once about every 18 months, Guard Spokesman Captain Ken Ola told the paper.

The training exercises, Ola said, are an invaluable tool to test the technical skills of troops in the field.

"They're the first responders for incidents like chemical and biological incidents where you may have a potential of mass impact on the population," Ola told Kuam News.

The training exercises are slated to continue through the rest of this week, according to Ola.

The Guam Army National Guard maintains two armories in two communities and is the most forward-positioned Joint Force Headquarters in the nation, according to GlobalSecurity.Org. The Guam Guard works jointly with the U.S. Naval Forces Marianas, the 13th Air Force, Andersen Air Force Base, the

Armed Forces Committee, Guam Chamber of Commerce and the local chapter of the Employer Support for the Guard and Reserve ([Bio Prep Watch, 2010](#)).

**Title:** Hawaii National Guard Trains To Fight CBRN Attack

**Date:** December 23, 2010

**Source:** [Bio Prep Watch](#)

**Abstract:** The all-hazard response team of the Hawaii National Guard, known as the CERF, recently participated in a six day chemical, biological, nuclear and high-yield explosive training exercise and received validation from the Joint Interagency Training and Education Center.

The setup and training occurred between December 13 and December 18 and included members of the Air Force and Army. The team responded to a simulation of a dirty bomb detonation containing sarin gas that required a search, extraction, decontamination and medical treatment for the simulated victims, the U.S. Air Force reports.

"The exercise we're going through is evaluation of the team to be sure they meet standards set by the National Guard bureau as far as responding to the disaster and treating the casualties that come out of the disaster," Col. Stanley Sato, the 154th Medical Group commander, said, according to the U.S. Air Force. "The Guard's primary mission is homeland defense; typically, we've responded to earthquakes, floods (and) storm cleanup. We've never had any incidents with weapons of mass destruction in Hawaii like they did in the Oklahoma City bombing, but anything that might happen to the homeland, we would be there."

CERF was founded in 2004 and is evaluated every two years. Hawaii is thought to be a strategic location for the military due to its location in the Pacific. If called upon, CERF members could support Hawaii or another state or territory ([Bio Prep Watch, 2010](#)).

**Title:** Virgin Islands Conducts WMD Training Exercise

**Date:** February 10, 2011

**Source:** [Bio Prep Watch](#)

**Abstract:** The 23rd Weapons of Mass Destruction Civil Support Team of the Virgin Islands National Guard recently conducted a training exercise in Frederiksted to be prepared to respond to hazard-related emergencies.

The training activity prepared the team to deal with any chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear or high-yield explosive inside the territory or within the southeast corridor of the United States, including Georgia, North Carolina, Puerto Rico and Alabama, according to the Virgin Islands Daily News.

The U.S. Army North evaluated the National Guard unit during the training simulation, which began at 4:30 a.m. and lasted throughout the day. Nineteen out of 22 team members participated in the drill in which they needed to identify, assess and give an analysis of the substance they collected.

The scenario included the delivery of a pallet of packages that had an elevated radiological reading on a ship at a pier.

"The culmination of years of training ensures that we meet the marks set forth from other CSTs across the nation," Maj. Kenneth Alleyne, the 23rd's unit commander, said, according to the Virgin Islands Daily News. "It is the same standard across the board and we're just as good as every state and territory."

While the team knew it would be participating in the activity, they did not know where it would be located or what the scenario would be.

"All CSTs are top-notch and the V.I.'s are no different," Lt. Col. Bruce Alzner, of the Army North Civil Support Team Readiness Group, said, the Virgin Islands Daily News reports ([Bio Prep Watch, 2011](#)).

**Title:** Taiwan Simulates Biological, Nuclear Attacks

**Date:** June 30, 2011

**Source:** [Bio Prep Watch](#)

**Abstract:** Taiwan recently held a major anti-terrorism exercise simulating potential nuclear and biological attacks.

Over 1,200 personnel from several law enforcement agencies and military units took part in the drills, which lasted over two hours and tested the authorities' command and communications capabilities and response to unconventional warfare, according to NDTV.com.

"The main aim of this drill is to test the capabilities of every administrative unit to respond to a terrorist attack," President Ma Ying-jeou said, TaiwanToday.com reports. "Although Taiwan has not been a target of terrorism, every unit must map out response plans and practice implementing them in simulated drills so as to discourage terrorists from ever attempting to attack Taiwan and to ensure they do not succeed if they do try."

During the scenario, terrorists placed a dirty bomb on an oil tanker anchored in the harbor, which they then ignited. Also during the attack, enemy forces took control of a bus and demanded the release of a captured terrorist leader held by Taiwanese forces.

After receiving reports of the hostage situation and the potential bomb threat, units from the Coast Guard, National Police Agency and Military Police were dispatched and took control of the situation. They successfully rescued the hostages and cleaned up the explosion site, according to ChinaPost.com ([Bio Prep Watch, 2011](#)).

**Title:** Marines Drill In Japan On CBRN Preparedness

**Date:** July 1, 2011

**Source:** [Bio Prep Watch](#)

**Abstract:** Marines with the 3rd Battalion, 12th Marine Regiment, took part in chemical, biological, radiological and nuclear training on June 25 at the East Fuji Maneuver Area in Japan.

The training familiarized the battalion with how to conduct live-fire artillery operations while dealing with a CBRN threat.

Battalion commander Lt. Col. Ricardo Miagany described the training as a priority because it incorporated lessons the marines learned during Operation Tomodachi, the U.S. disaster-relief effort following the March 11 earthquake and tsunami in Japan.

"We were able to support the Japanese people in their time of crisis during Operation Tomodachi," Christopher I. Kamm, the chief warrant officer and a battalion CBRN officer, said. "Now we are fully capitalizing on the CBRN lessons learned, regarding radiation survey, monitoring and overall contamination awareness. Operation Tomodachi was the first time it was done for real—it wasn't just a theoretical training evolution."

The scenario, created by 2nd Lt. David A. Serrano, the battalion's intelligence officer, tested the ability of marines to conduct combat operations in a contaminated environment. The training also incorporated the opportunity to cooperate with Japanese allies.

"It gives the Marines the opportunity to train in the environment in which they could potentially fight, should any threat arise," Serrano said. "It reinforces our alliance with Japan. The Japan Ground Self-Defense Force assists us when we train in their homeland, and, when they see that we are constantly prepared to be that '911 force,' it reminds them that we are still here to help them protect their country."

Serrano and Kamm both called the training a success.

"I think the Marines got good training out of it," Serrano said. "The commanders got to be on the other side of a moving, thinking enemy, and they made the right decisions" ([Bio Prep Watch, 2011](#)).

**Title:** Ireland Forces To Train Against Biothreats

**Date:** August 8, 2011

**Source:** [Bio Prep Watch](#)

**Abstract:** A major British electronics company will help train defense forces in Ireland to deal with industrial or terrorist industries involving chemical and biological agents.

Argon Electronics of Luton, England, won the contract to supply a virtual chemical, biological, radiological or nuclear system to train operatives to deal with hazardous situations, according to the Independent. This year alone, army bomb disposal teams have been called out 14 times to deal with hazardous chemical substances in Ireland.

On Friday, a highly unstable and dangerous chemical was discovered in a science lab at Ashbourne Community School in Co Meath. The chemical, 2,4 dinitrophenylhydrazine, is potentially explosive and could have blown out the doors and windows of the lab.

The chemical was discovered during a routine audit of chemicals at the school. Army experts removed the chemical to a nearby waste ground and later carried out a controlled explosion.

The Army Explosive Ordnance Disposal teams have also been trained to deal with nuclear or biological materials. The British firm was involved in a major U.K. simulation earlier in the year when emergency services needed to deal with the aftermath of a terrorism attack where a radioactive material was released after a plane hijack.

Similar exercises have been held in Ireland, including Operation Contained Freedom in February in Dublin Port. That scenario involved Army experts, gardai and firemen and dealt with a mock "dirty bomb" – a terrorist weapon that uses conventional explosives to disperse deadly germs or radioactive material ([Bio Prep Watch, 2011](#)).

**Title:** Guam Mounts Bio-Terror Attack Response Drill

**Date:** November 15, 2011

**Source:** [Government Security News](#)

**Abstract:** The western Pacific island of Guam began a three-day drill on Nov. 15 to test its response to a bio-terror attack.

Guam Homeland Security and the Office of Civil Defense (GHS/OCD) said it and the island nation's Department of Public Health and Social Services is coordinating with other Guam government agencies to conduct a Strategic National Stockpile (SNS) Full Scale Exercise (FSE) it calls Operation Pa'ti.

Located east of the Philippines and China and south of Japan, Guam is an unincorporated U.S. territory and its residents are U.S. citizens. There are also several U.S. Navy and Air Force bases on the island. The strategic national stockpile, run jointly by the Center for Disease Control and Prevention and the

Department of Homeland Security, is the U.S. national repository of antibiotics, vaccines, chemical antidotes, antitoxins and other critical medical equipment and supplies. The supplies are set aside in case of a bioterror attack or national pandemic. The stockpile can supplement and re-supply local health authorities in dire situations.

The FSE, said a statement by GHS, was preceded by a tabletop exercise and is set to run Nov. 15-18. The exercise is a simulation designed to test the government of Guam's public health response capabilities to an anthrax biological terrorist attack with emphasis on coordination with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and support from the local government's emergency management system.

GHS warned the island's population that there may be emergency response vehicles on the roadways and at various government facilities during the exercise. The villages that may be affected include Yigo, Dededo, Upper Tumon, Tamuning and Mangilao, said the agency ([Government Security News, 2011](#)).

**Title:** Guam Simulates Bioattack

**Date:** November 16, 2011

**Source:** [Bio Prep Watch](#)

**Abstract:** Guam Homeland Security, the Department of Public Health and Social Services, the Office of Civil Defense and other government agencies in Guam have begun a strategic national stockpile full scale exercise known as Operation Pa'ti.

Operation Pa'ti simulates a biological terrorist attack. Specifically, the agencies involved in the exercise simulate what to do if terrorists spread anthrax on the island of Guam. The exercise is designed to test the public health capabilities of GovGuam, Pacific News Center reports.

They agencies have even practiced calling the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention in Atlanta.

"In the event that we do get attacked we need to practice and prepare for that and basically what it is there's real particular steps on how to prepare when to trigger requests to the federal government for emergency assets," Patrick Lujan, a representative of the Department of Public Health, said, according to Pacific News Center.

Residents of Mangilao, Tamuning, Upper Tumon, Dededo and Yigo have been advised of emergency response vehicles on the roadways and at various GovGuam facilities during the exercise.

The exercise includes a tabletop exercise testing GovGuam's response capabilities to the simulated attack, according to Alyssa Benito, a Homeland Security spokesperson. Operation Pa'ti began Tuesday and will take place over the course of four days, KUAM reports ([Bio Prep Watch, 2011](#)).

**Title:** Virgin Islands Simulates Anthrax Attack Response

**Date:** March 19, 2012

**Source:** [Bio Prep Watch](#)

**Abstract:** A team of police in the Virgin Islands ran a counterterrorism drill on Friday to pursue four fake suspects and contain fake anthrax that they released at the former J. Antonio Jarvis school building.

The team of officers took part in the drill during the midday heat on Friday, attempting to track both the simulated suspects and a detectable but harmless anthrax substitute, [Virgin Islands Daily News](#) reports.

The Virgin Islands was also in Department of Homeland Security news this week for the closure of a large refinery that might affect United States infrastructure, the dependence on foreign imports and the

vulnerability to terrorism. During a subcommittee hearing, the DHS plans to discuss the refinery closings and the consequences on pipelines to national security, the [Examiner](#) reports.

“More than 30 U.S. refineries have closed in the last decade,” Representative Patrick Meehan (R-Pa.), said, according to the Examiner. “Most recently, two Philadelphia area refineries have closed and one is scheduled to close. Together they account for 50 percent of the Northeast’s capacity. Another large refinery in the Virgin Islands has closed. This hearing will help us understand the homeland security consequences of refinery closures, both in terms of threats to critical infrastructure and our dependence on imports from unstable parts of the world. The pipelines, could be vulnerable to disruption from a terrorist attack or natural disaster” ([Bio Prep Watch, 2012](#)).